# **Curriculum Statement of Intent Teaching and learning of: Design and Technology**

NTENT

At Thorpe Primary School we aim to provide children with a DT education that is relevant in our rapidly changing world. We want to encourage our children to become problem solvers who can work creatively on a shared project. Children are encouraged to use their creativity and imagination to design and make products that solve real and relevant problems within a variety of contexts. Through the DT curriculum, children should be inspired by engineers, designers, chefs and architects to enable them to create a range of structures, mechanisms, textiles, electrical systems and food products with a real life purpose. Design Technology projects are made cross curricular wherever possible linking to other subjects taught such as mathematics, science, computing and art. We encourage children to learn to think and intervene creatively to solve problems, both as individuals and in groups, and results in the acquisition of new knowledge and skills. The children are given opportunities to reflect upon and evaluate past and present design technology, its uses and its effectiveness. They are encouraged to become innovators and risk-takers, allowing them to demonstrate the skills and knowledge they have been taught and applying it practically.

	The teaching of skills	The application of skills	Vocabulary	
Underpinned by	Thorpe pupils will:  • produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences • become proficient in sculpture and other design techniques • evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of design • know about great designers, engineers, architects, and chefs and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms • Understand how design has shaped the way we live today and how key areas of history have impacted on our lives today. • Understand how design is always adapting to meet our changing needs.	<ul> <li>At Thorpe, pupils are given regular opportunities to:</li> <li>develop and apply the skills that they have been taught to support their learning in other curriculum subjects alongside D and T lessons</li> <li>experience an engage activity to and excite them and capture their imagination.</li> <li>look at examples of work</li> <li>look at and discuss D and T vocabulary</li> <li>KS2 - study a designer and how D and T has contributed to the history, culture and creativity of the nation</li> <li>design a product</li> <li>learn skills through a series of hands on, skills based lessons – independently or in groups.</li> <li>make a product (ensure enough time is given for this – day per half term to complete)</li> <li>evaluate the product</li> <li>showcase the product</li> </ul>	Thorpe pupils will understand and use appropriate topic vocabulary. This will be related to the topic they are looking at and will allow the children to expand their vocabulary in a specific and useful way.	

### **SEND**

According to OFSTED, pupils with special educational needs make better progress in D&T than in most other subjects.

They enjoy the practical application of their ideas. Plus, their personal engagement with the task improves attention span, patience, persistence and commitment. Knowledge and understanding is drawn from across the curriculum and helps to develop and enable numeracy, literacy and communication skills that can be applied in practical ways.

Pupils with SEN often find designing activities problematic. Therefore thought is required to ensure pupils can access and produce successful initial design work.

Activities focused on the physical making of designs may need supporting 'one to one'. Yet it is also important to encourage pupils to work as independently as possible. For example, by using key words sheets, flow charts and visual instruction sheets which explain a process in a step-by-step manner. Working in a group may also assist in developing SEN pupil's social skills and allow them to interact more meaningfully.

## **Curriculum Approach**

Children develop their D and T skills each year by building on their prior knowledge. DT is taught throughout other areas of the National Curriculum making links to areas such as science and history. Children are taught about historical and cultural development, learning about significant designers, engineers, architects and chefs. Children are taught skills which they then apply to creating a high-quality finished product. They have opportunities to create, explore ideas and evaluate works using language of design.

### **External Stimuli**

Children from Nursery through to Year 6 are taught about DT through a variety of mediums, these can include; themed days, topics, visitors, trips and exhibitions.

### Resources

Children have access to a wide variety of D and T tools and materials. These can include electrical components, wood, plastic, saw, clamps, as well as food and cooking implements & utensils. They will utilise these resources and apply their theoretical knowledge when using them as well as their practical skills.

# **Thoughtful Questioning**

Encourages deeper thinking about creativity, and interpretation of D and T. This in turn is a skill that can be used across the curriculum.

	Durit Vaira Friday as in Knowledge Friday as in Chille Duradth and Double Assessment					
	Pupil Voice	Evidence in Knowledge	Evidence in Skills	Breadth and Depth	Assessment	
	Through discussion and	Pupils know how and why it is	Pupils use acquired vocabulary in	Teachers plan a range of	Teachers fill in termly formative	
	feedback, children talk	important to learn and develop	lessons accurately. Pupils	opportunities to use D and T skills	assessment sheets and the DT	
	enthusiastically about their D	D and T skills. Pupils know how	understand the learning of skills and	and knowledge through creative	leader reflects on standards	
	and T lessons and other cross	design has shaped and	are able to demonstrate this by	and inspiring sessions inside and	achieved against the planned	
<del>,</del>	curricular lessons (e.g. themed	contributed to history. Children	producing high quality products.	outside school. DT lead also	outcomes.	
IMPACT	days). Children across the	also have a broad vocabulary		encourages use of one day per	Learning Walks and book looks	
	school articulate well about the	that they can apply in the		half term to complete a project.	Through a celebration of learning	
_	benefits of learning about	correct context.			which demonstrates progression	
	designers and being creative.				across the school.	
	Some examples are:					
	Pupil discussions about their					
	learning with peers, teachers					
	and DT leader which includes					
	discussion of their thoughts,					
	ideas, processing and					
	evaluations of work.					